


FTR - Flight Test Report

Dieser Prüfbericht darf ohne schriftliche Zustimmung der EAPR nicht, auch nicht auszugsweise, vervielfältigt werden.

Manufacturer	 HOCHRIESSTRASSE 1 D-83126 FLINTSBACH	Type testing No.	EAPR-GS-0381/15
		serial number	012picf124-ic2193
Model	Pica S	Location	Achensee
			Achensee



Rev. 2.3 - 26.11.2014
 EAPR GmbH - Marktstr. 11
 D-87730 Bad Grönenbach - Germany

Date of testing	19.02.2015	Minimum take off weight	75 kg	Maximum take off weight	95 kg
Testpilot	Mike Küng			Mario Eder	
Harness	EAPR-Testequipment			EAPR leicht	
Pilot's take off weight	75 kg			95 kg	

Classification	A
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Test-criteria	Minimum take off weight	Evaluation	Maximum take off weight	Evaluation
1. Inflation / take-off - 4.4.1				
Rising behavior	Smooth, easy and constant rising, no pilot correction required	A	Smooth, easy and constant rising, no pilot correction required	A
Special take off technique required	No	A	No	A
2. Landing - 4.4.2				
Special landing technique required	No	A	No	A
3. Speeds in straight flight - 4.4.3				
Trim speed more than 30km/h	Yes	A	Yes	A
Speed range using the controls larger than 10km/h	Yes	A	Yes	A
Minimum speed	Less than 25 km/h	A	Less than 25 km/h	A
4. Control movement - 4.4.4				
Max. weight in flight up to 80kg		-		-
Max. weight in flight 80 to 100kg	Increasing > 60cm	A	Increasing > 60cm	A
Max. weight in flight greater than 100kg		-		-
5. Pitch stability exiting accelerated flight - 4.4.5				
Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward less than 30°	A	Dive forward less than 30°	A
Collapse occurs	No	A	No	A
6. Pitch stability operating controls during accelerated flight - 4.4.6				
Collapse occurs	No	A	No	A
7. Roll stability and damping - 4.4.7				
Oscillations	Reducing	A	Reducing	A
8. Stability in gentle spirals - 4.4.8				
Tendency to return to straight flight	Spontaneous exit	A	Spontaneous exit	A
9. Behaviour exiting a fully developed spiral dive - 4.4.9				
Initial response of glider (first 180°)	Immediate reduction of rate in turn	A	Immediate reduction of rate in turn	A
Tendency to return to straight flight	Spontaneous exit	A	Spontaneous exit	A
Turn angle to recover normal flight	Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery	A	Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery	A
10. Symmetric front collapse - 4.4.10				
Folding lines used	No		No	
Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	A	Rocking back less than 45°	A
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A
Dive forward angle on exit	0° - 30° Entering a turn of less than 90°	A	0° - 30° Keeping course	A
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A
Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	A	Rocking back less than 45°	A
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A
Dive forward angle on exit	0° - 30° Entering a turn of less than 90°	A	0° - 30° Keeping course	A
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A
Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	A	Rocking back less than 45°	A
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A
Dive forward angle on exit	0° - 30° Entering a turn of less than 90°	A	0° - 30° Entering a turn of less than 90°	A
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A
11. Exiting deep stall (parachutal stall) - 4.4.11				
Deep stall achieved	Yes		Yes	
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A
Dive forward angle on exit	0° - 30°	A	0° - 30°	A
Change of course	Changing course less than 45°	A	Changing course less than 45°	A
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A

12. High angle of attack recovery - 4.4.12									
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec			A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec			A	
Cascade occurs	No			A	No			A	
13. Recovery from a developed full stall - 4.4.13									
Dive forward angle on exit	0° - 30°			A	0° - 30°			A	
Collapse	No collapse			A	No collapse			A	
Cascade occurs (other than collapse)	No			A	No			A	
Rocking backward	Less than 45°			A	Less than 45°			A	
Line tension	Most lines tight			A	Most lines tight			A	
14. Asymmetric collapse (trim speed) - 4.4.14									
Folding lines used	No				No				
Change of course until re-inflation	trim speed, max 50% collapse	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	A	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	0° - 15°	A
		Spontaneous re-inflation			A	Spontaneous re-inflation			A
Re-inflation behavior	trim speed, max 75% collapse	Less than 360°			A	Less than 360°			A
Total change of course		No			A	No			A
Collapse on the opposite side occurs		No			A	No			A
Twist occurs		No			A	No			A
Cascade occurs		No			A	No			A
Change of course until re-inflation	trim speed, max 50% collapse	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	A	90° - 180°	Dive or roll angle	0° - 15°	A
		Spontaneous re-inflation			A	Spontaneous re-inflation			A
Re-inflation behavior	trim speed, max 75% collapse	Less than 360°			A	Less than 360°			A
Total change of course		No			A	No			A
Collapse on the opposite side occurs		No			A	No			A
Twist occurs		No			A	No			A
Cascade occurs		No			A	No			A
Change of course until re-inflation	accelerated, max 50% collapse	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	A	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	0° - 15°	A
		Spontaneous re-inflation			A	Spontaneous re-inflation			A
Re-inflation behavior	accelerated, max 75% collapse	Less than 360°			A	Less than 360°			A
Total change of course		No			A	No			A
Collapse on the opposite side occurs		No			A	No			A
Twist occurs		No			A	No			A
Cascade occurs		No			A	No			A
Change of course until re-inflation	accelerated, max 50% collapse	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	A	90° - 180°	Dive or roll angle	0° - 15°	A
		Spontaneous re-inflation			A	Spontaneous re-inflation			A
Re-inflation behavior	accelerated, max 75% collapse	Less than 360°			A	Less than 360°			A
Total change of course		No			A	No			A
Collapse on the opposite side occurs		No			A	No			A
Twist occurs		No			A	No			A
Cascade occurs		No			A	No			A
15. Directional control with a maintained asymmetric collapse - 4.4.15									
Able to keep course straight	Yes			A	Yes			A	
180° turn away from the collapsed side possible in 10 sec	Yes			A	Yes			A	
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin	More than 50% of the symmetric control travel			A	More than 50% of the symmetric control travel			A	
16. Trim speed spin tendency - 4.4.16									
Spin occurs	No			A	No			A	
17. Low speed spin tendency - 4.4.17									
Spin occurs	No			A	No			A	
18. Recovery from a developed spin - 4.4.18									
Spin rotation angle after release	Stops spinning in less than 90°			A	Stops spinning in less than 90°			A	
Cascade occurs	No			A	No			A	
19. B-line-stall - 4.4.19									
Change of course before release	Changing course less than 45°			A	Changing course less than 45°			A	
Behaviour before release	Remains stable with straight span			A	Remains stable with straight span			A	
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec			A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec			A	
Dive forward angle on exit	0° - 30°			A	0° - 30°			A	
Cascade occurs	No			A	No			A	
20. Big ears - 4.4.20									
Entry procedure	Standard technique			A	Special device required			A	
Behaviour during big ears	Stable flight			A	Stable flight			A	
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec			A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec			A	
Dive forward angle on exit	0° - 30°			A	0° bis 30°			A	
21. Big Ears in accelerated flight - 4.4.21									
Entry procedure	Standard technique			A	Special device required			A	
Behaviour during big ears	Stable flight			A	Stable flight			A	
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec			A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec			A	
Dive forward angle on exit	0° - 30°			A	0° bis 30°			A	
Behaviour immediately after releasing the accelerator while maintaining big ears	Stable flight			A	Stable flight			A	
23. Alternative means of directional control - 4.4.22									
180° turn achievable in 20 sec	Yes			A	Yes			A	
Stall or spin occurs	No			A	No			A	
23. Any other flight procedure and/or configuration described in the user's manual - 4.4.23									
Procedure works as described				NA				NA	
Procedure suitable for novice pilots				NA				NA	
Cascade occurs				NA				NA	
24. Remarks of testpilot:									


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Manufacturer		Type testing No.	EAPR-GS-0334/15
		serial number	8picf426
Model	Pica 26	Location	Walensee, Brauneck Schruns und Weesen



Rev. 2.1 - 06.03.2014
EAPR GmbH - Marktstr. 11
D-87730 Bad Grönenbach - Germany

Date of testing	13.11.14 - 13.1.15	Minimum take off weight	80 kg	Maximum take off weight	105 kg
Testpilot	Mike Küng		Anselm Rauh		
Harness	EAPR-Testequipment		EAPR leicht		
Pilot's take off weight	80 kg		106 kg		

Classification	A
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Test-criteria	Minimum take off weight	Evaluation	Maximum take off weight	Evaluation
1. Inflation / take-off - 4.1.1				
Rising behavior	Smooth, easy and constant rising	A	Smooth, easy and constant rising	A
Special take off technique required	No	A	No	A
2. Landing - 4.1.2				
Special landing technique required	No	A	No	A
3. Speeds in straight flight - 4.1.3				
Trim speed more than 30km/h	Yes	A	Yes	A
Speed range using the controls larger than 10km/h	Yes	A	Yes	A
Minimum speed	Less than 25 km/h	A	Less than 25 km/h	A
4. Control movement - 4.1.4				
Max. weight in flight up to 80kg		-		-
Max. weight in flight 80 to 100kg		-		-
Max. weight in flight greater than 100kg	Increasing >65 cm	A	Increasing >65 cm	A
5. Pitch stability exiting accelerated flight - 4.1.5				
Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward less than 30°	A	Dive forward less than 30°	A
Collapse occurs	No	A	No	A
6. Pitch stability operating controls during accelerated flight - 4.1.6				
Collapse occurs	No	A	No	A
7. Roll stability and damping - 4.1.7				
Oscillations	Reducing	A	Reducing	A
8. Stability in gentle spirals - 4.1.8				
Tendency to return to straight flight	Spontaneous exit	A	Spontaneous exit	A
9. Behaviour in a steeply banked turn - 4.1.9				
Sink rate after two turns	Up to 12m/s	A	12m/s to 14m/s	A
10. Symmetric front collapse - 4.1.10				
Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	A	Rocking back less than 45°	A
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A
Dive forward angle on exit	0° - 30° Entering a turn of less than 90°	A	0° - 30° Keeping course	A
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A
Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	A	Rocking back less than 45°	A
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A
Dive forward angle on exit	0° - 30° Entering a turn of less than 90°	A	0° - 30° Keeping course	A
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A
11. Exiting deep stall (parachutal stall) - 4.1.11				

Deep stall achieved	Yes		Yes						
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A					
Dive forward angle on exit	0° - 30°	A	0° - 30°	A					
Change of course	Changing course less than 45°	A	Changing course less than 45°	A					
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A					
12. High angle of attack recovery - 4.1.12									
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A					
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A					
13. Recovery from a developed full stall - 4.1.13									
Dive forward angle on exit	0° - 30°	A	0° - 30°	A					
Collapse	No collapse	A	No collapse	A					
Cascade occurs (other than collapse)	No	A	No	A					
Rocking backward	Less than 45°	A	Less than 45°	A					
Line tension	Most lines tight	A	Most lines tight	A					
14. Asymmetric collapse (trim speed) - 4.1.14									
Change of course until re-inflation	trim speed, max 50% collapse	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	A	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	0° - 15°	A
Re-inflation behavior		Spontaneous re-inflation		A	Spontaneous re-inflation		A		
Total change of course		Less than 360°		A	Less than 360°		A		
Collapse on the opposite side occurs		No		A	No		A		
Twist occurs		No		A	No		A		
Cascade occurs		No		A	No		A		
Change of course until re-inflation	trim speed, max 75% collapse	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	A	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	A
Re-inflation behavior		Spontaneous re-inflation		A	Spontaneous re-inflation		A		
Total change of course		Less than 360°		A	Less than 360°		A		
Collapse on the opposite side occurs		No		A	No		A		
Twist occurs		No		A	No		A		
Cascade occurs		No		A	No		A		
Change of course until re-inflation	accelerated, max 50% collapse	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	A	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	A
Re-inflation behavior		Spontaneous re-inflation		A	Spontaneous re-inflation		A		
Total change of course		Less than 360°		A	Less than 360°		A		
Collapse on the opposite side occurs		No		A	No		A		
Twist occurs		No		A	No		A		
Cascade occurs		No		A	No		A		
Change of course until re-inflation	accelerated, max 75% collapse	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	A	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	A
Re-inflation behavior		Spontaneous re-inflation		A	Spontaneous re-inflation		A		
Total change of course		Less than 360°		A	Less than 360°		A		
Collapse on the opposite side occurs		No		A	No		A		
Twist occurs		No		A	No		A		
Cascade occurs		No		A	No		A		
15. Directional control with a maintained asymmetric collapse - 4.1.15									
Able to keep course straight	Yes	A	Yes	A					
180° turn away from the collapsed side possible in 10 sec	Yes	A	Yes	A					
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin	More than 50% of the symmetric control travel	A	More than 50% of the symmetric control travel	A					
16. Trim speed spin tendency - 4.1.16									
Spin occurs	No	A	No	A					
17. Low speed spin tendency - 4.1.17									
Spin occurs	No	A	No	A					
18. Recovery from a developed spin - 4.1.18									
Spin rotation angle after release	Stops spinning in less than 90°	A	Stops spinning in less than 90°	A					
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A					
19. B-line-stall - 4.1.19									
Change of course before release	Changing course less than 45°	A	Changing course less than 45°	A					
Behaviour before release	Remains stable with straight span	A	Remains stable with straight span	A					
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A					
Dive forward angle on exit	0° - 30°	A	0° - 30°	A					
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A					
20. Big ears - 4.1.20									
Entry procedure	Standard technique	A	Special device required	A					
Behaviour during big ears	Stable flight	A	Stable flight	A					
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A					
Dive forward angle on exit	0° - 30°	A	0° bis 30°	A					
21. Big Ears in accelerated flight - 4.1.21									
Entry procedure	Standard technique	A	Special device required	A					
Behaviour during big ears	Stable flight	A	Stable flight	A					
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A					
Dive forward angle on exit	0° - 30°	A	0° bis 30°	A					
Behaviour immediately after releasing the accelerator while maintaining big ears	Stable flight	A	Stable flight	A					
22. Behaviour exiting a steep spiral - 4.1.22									

Tendency to return to straight flight	Spontaneous exit	A	Spontaneous exit	A
Turn angle to recover normal flight	Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery	A	Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery	A
23. Alternative means of directional control - 4.1.23				
180° turn achievable in 20 sec	Yes	A	Yes	A
Stall or spin occurs	No	A	No	A
24. Any other flight procedure and/or configuration described in the user's manual - 4.1.24				
Procedure works as described		NA		NA
Procedure suitable for novice pilots		NA		NA
Cascade occurs		NA		NA
25. Remarks of testpilot:				
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FTR - Flight Test Report

Dieser Prüfbericht darf ohne schriftliche Zustimmung der EAPR nicht, auch nicht auszugsweise, vervielfältigt werden.

Manufacturer	 ICARO paragliders Hochriesstraße 1 D-83126 Flintsbach	Type testing No.	EAPR-GS-0391/15
		serial number	993-391-Pica-L
Model	Pica L	Location	Achensee
			Rofan, Achensee



Rev. 2.1 - 06.03.2014
 EAPR GmbH - Marktstr. 11
 D-87730 Bad Grönenbach - Germany

Date of testing	10.04.2015	Minimum take off weight	95 kg	Maximum take off weight	125 kg
Testpilot	Mario Eder			Anselm Rauh	
Harness	EAPR Testgurt leicht			EAPR schwer	
Pilot's take off weight	97 kg			125 kg	

Classification	A
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Test-criteria	Minimum take off weight	Evaluation	Maximum take off weight	Evaluation
1. Inflation / take-off - 4.1.1				
Rising behavior	Smooth, easy and constant rising	A	Smooth, easy and constant rising	A
Special take off technique required	No	A	No	A
2. Landing - 4.1.2				
Special landing technique required	No	A	No	A
3. Speeds in straight flight - 4.1.3				
Trim speed more than 30km/h	Yes	A	Yes	A
Speed range using the controls larger than 10km/h	Yes	A	Yes	A
Minimum speed	Less than 25 km/h	A	Less than 25 km/h	A
4. Control movement - 4.1.4				
Max. weight in flight up to 80kg		-		-
Max. weight in flight 80 to 100kg	Increasing > 60cm	A		-
Max. weight in flight greater than 100kg		-	Increasing >65 cm	A
5. Pitch stability exiting accelerated flight - 4.1.5				
Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward less than 30°	A	Dive forward less than 30°	A
Collapse occurs	No	A	No	A
6. Pitch stability operating controls during accelerated flight - 4.1.6				
Collapse occurs	No	A	No	A
7. Roll stability and damping - 4.1.7				
Oscillations	Reducing	A	Reducing	A
8. Stability in gentle spirals - 4.1.8				
Tendency to return to straight flight	Spontaneous exit	A	Spontaneous exit	A
9. Behaviour in a steeply banked turn - 4.1.9				
Sink rate after two turns	12m/s to 14m/s	A	12m/s to 14m/s	A
10. Symmetric front collapse - 4.1.10				
Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	A	Rocking back less than 45°	A
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A
Dive forward angle on exit	0° - 30° Keeping course	A	0° - 30° Keeping course	A
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A
Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	A	Rocking back less than 45°	A
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A
Dive forward angle on exit	0° - 30° Keeping course	A	0° - 30° Keeping course	A
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A
11. Exiting deep stall (parachutal stall) - 4.1.11				

Deep stall achieved	Yes		Yes						
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A					
Dive forward angle on exit	0° - 30°	A	0° - 30°	A					
Change of course	Changing course less than 45°	A	Changing course less than 45°	A					
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A					
12. High angle of attack recovery - 4.1.12									
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A					
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A					
13. Recovery from a developed full stall - 4.1.13									
Dive forward angle on exit	0° - 30°	A	0° - 30°	A					
Collapse	No collapse	A	No collapse	A					
Cascade occurs (other than collapse)	No	A	No	A					
Rocking backward	Less than 45°	A	Less than 45°	A					
Line tension	Most lines tight	A	Most lines tight	A					
14. Asymmetric collapse (trim speed) - 4.1.14									
Change of course until re-inflation	trim speed, max 50% collapse	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	0° - 15°	A	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	0° - 15°	A
Re-inflation behavior		Spontaneous re-inflation		A	Spontaneous re-inflation		A		
Total change of course		Less than 360°		A	Less than 360°		A		
Collapse on the opposite side occurs		No		A	No		A		
Twist occurs		No		A	No		A		
Cascade occurs		No		A	No		A		
Change of course until re-inflation	trim speed, max 75% collapse	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	A	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	A
Re-inflation behavior		Spontaneous re-inflation		A	Spontaneous re-inflation		A		
Total change of course		Less than 360°		A	Less than 360°		A		
Collapse on the opposite side occurs		No		A	No		A		
Twist occurs		No		A	No		A		
Cascade occurs		No		A	No		A		
Change of course until re-inflation	accelerated, max 50% collapse	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	A	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	A
Re-inflation behavior		Spontaneous re-inflation		A	Spontaneous re-inflation		A		
Total change of course		Less than 360°		A	Less than 360°		A		
Collapse on the opposite side occurs		No		A	No		A		
Twist occurs		No		A	No		A		
Cascade occurs		No		A	No		A		
Change of course until re-inflation	accelerated, max 75% collapse	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	A	< 90°	Dive or roll angle	15° - 45°	A
Re-inflation behavior		Spontaneous re-inflation		A	Spontaneous re-inflation		A		
Total change of course		Less than 360°		A	Less than 360°		A		
Collapse on the opposite side occurs		No		A	No		A		
Twist occurs		No		A	No		A		
Cascade occurs		No		A	No		A		
15. Directional control with a maintained asymmetric collapse - 4.1.15									
Able to keep course straight	Yes	A	Yes	A					
180° turn away from the collapsed side possible in 10 sec	Yes	A	Yes	A					
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin	More than 50% of the symmetric control travel	A	More than 50% of the symmetric control travel	A					
16. Trim speed spin tendency - 4.1.16									
Spin occurs	No	A	No	A					
17. Low speed spin tendency - 4.1.17									
Spin occurs	No	A	No	A					
18. Recovery from a developed spin - 4.1.18									
Spin rotation angle after release	Stops spinning in less than 90°	A	Stops spinning in less than 90°	A					
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A					
19. B-line-stall - 4.1.19									
Change of course before release	Changing course less than 45°	A	Changing course less than 45°	A					
Behaviour before release	Remains stable with straight span	A	Remains stable with straight span	A					
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A					
Dive forward angle on exit	0° - 30°	A	0° - 30°	A					
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A					
20. Big ears - 4.1.20									
Entry procedure	Special device required	A	Special device required	A					
Behaviour during big ears	Stable flight	A	Stable flight	A					
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A					
Dive forward angle on exit	0° - 30°	A	0° bis 30°	A					
21. Big Ears in accelerated flight - 4.1.21									
Entry procedure	Special device required	A	Special device required	A					
Behaviour during big ears	Stable flight	A	Stable flight	A					
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 sec	A					
Dive forward angle on exit	0° - 30°	A	0° bis 30°	A					
Behaviour immediately after releasing the accelerator while maintaining big ears	Stable flight	A	Stable flight	A					
22. Behaviour exiting a steep spiral - 4.1.22									

Tendency to return to straight flight	Spontaneous exit	A	Spontaneous exit	A
Turn angle to recover normal flight	Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery	A	Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery	A
23. Alternative means of directional control - 4.1.23				
180° turn achievable in 20 sec	Yes	A	Yes	A
Stall or spin occurs	No	A	No	A
24. Any other flight procedure and/or configuration described in the user's manual - 4.1.24				
Procedure works as described		NA		NA
Procedure suitable for novice pilots		NA		NA
Cascade occurs		NA		NA
25. Remarks of testpilot:				
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